Opportunities abound: technology adoption in China being one of them

From my initial visits to China in the early part of last decade, one element that stood out in particular was the sheer scale of the industrial economy within China and the implications a market of that size had on domestic manufacturing and industrial companies. In the construction equipment sector in 2005, it was clear that although the technology of Chinese companies was initially inferior to their international counterparts, the learning curve afforded by playing in such a large domestic market could enable such companies to rapidly catch up to global norms. This would eventually lead to a global industry structure where Chinese manufacturers could achieve a comparative product at a much lower average cost of production.

The theory goes that when a certain tipping point was reached, these domestic players would rapidly gain share in international markets, eventually displacing the incumbent global leaders.

Nearly 15 years on, things haven’t quite turned out that way. A combination of the tapering of the construction boom in China, excessive debt burdens, a lack of global servicing and distribution, and brands which are yet to achieve global recognition has led many Chinese capital goods firms to remain inward focused rather than pursuing international expansion. In hindsight, one of the key challenges Chinese companies at that time faced was that, for the most part, they were attempting to replicate the existing product standards of their international counterparts as opposed to enhancing their product offering. This was very much the era of ‘Copycat China’.

Two recent visits to China, however, have left me with the impression that we may in fact witness the manifestation of this theory in a very different sector.

The speed at which the technology sector is developing in China is well understood. However, the term ‘technology’ is very broad and has different implications for companies and investors depending upon how it’s applied. The reality is that the technological intensity of all sectors and its adoption within Chinese companies is increasing at a dramatic rate. Chinese companies are also at the forefront globally of big data assimilation, interpretation and application within their businesses models. Consequently, technology is being applied across entire value chains in order to enhance efficiency and speed to market, and to improve product quality, as we can see from the following charts.

Chart 1. Gross domestic expenditure on R&D as a percentage of GDP

Chinese R&D spending as a percentage of GDP has been increasing at a rate far greater than global aggregates funded by significant increases in higher education graduates who are now beginning to enter the workforce.

Chart 2. Annual enrolment of new students in higher education

This is leading to an increase in the number of Chinese science and engineering research papers being published.
Even more crucially, China is dominating patent applications in leading-edge artificial intelligence (AI) research.

Chart 4. Al-related patent applications

All of these factors are setting the scene for China to leverage its huge domestic ‘big data’ reservoir as companies across all sectors of the economy embrace technology to improve their competitive positioning and ultimately develop better products and solutions for the end consumer.

The adoption of technology across sectors is leading to fundamental changes in the way in which Chinese companies organise themselves and operate. Such changes are being applied across the entire value chain from front-end point of sales through distribution, manufacturing, sourcing and design. Crucially, the rate of adoption and the changes in process are now as profound outside of the sourcing and design. Crucially, the rate of adoption and front-end point of sales through distribution, manufacturing, are being applied across the entire value chain from companies organise themselves and operate. Such changes to fundamental changes in the way in which Chinese technology adoption within China being one of them. Opportunities abound across global emerging markets, but not lose sight of and indeed benefit from focused and patient in order to manage the cyclicality of structural growth story. Investors need to remain prudent, concentrated and patient in order to manage the cyclical nature of this market, but not lose sight of and indeed benefit from the structural gains being achieved.

Markets and stock prices never move in a straight line and China remains a cyclical economy that, like all economies globally, has its own unique challenges, which will inevitably create volatility in share prices and market levels. Challenges aside, however, there’s an ongoing genuine structural growth story. Investors need to remain prudent, focused and patient in order to manage the cyclical nature of this market, but not lose sight of and indeed benefit from the structural gains being achieved.

Opportunities abound across global emerging markets, technology adoption within China being one of them.