# It's pretty much all about China!





## Fidelity Asia Fund update

**Anthony Srom**Portfolio Manager, Fidelity Asia Fund

#### The market

The China–US trade dispute has clearly driven market sentiment over the last couple of weeks and looks set to be the dominant news item for markets over the coming months. Following Trump's tweet that indicated a trade deal was not set in stone, markets have fallen, led by China A shares, with the CSI 300 index down 6% since 31 March.

There's little doubt this dispute will lead to greater volatility if a viable solution isn't found. Unfortunately, this is unlikely given the structural issues the US has with China; its growing economic and political influence, technological leadership in strategic areas like AI and automation, plus government support for industries – aren't going to vanish overnight.

# **Fund performance**

Given our high A-share exposure (currently 29.8%), you'd expect the Fund to have had a rough ride, but the portfolio is currently up ~0.6% vs the index since the end of Q1.

Kweichow Moutai (liquor production and distribution) and Midea (electrical appliance manufacturer) have been the

biggest contributors to performance so far in Q2 (with the caveat that Kweichow Moutai is down around 8% from its April peak). Strong earnings in April for both companies have so far managed to outweigh the recent negative sentiment towards China. Interestingly, in a recent trip to Beijing we learned that Kweichow Moutai has trimmed the number of wholesale distributors they deal with by around 400 to 500 nationwide, which could suggest a tighter management of supply and consequently a potential price increase.

On the negative side, holdings in China Petroleum & Chemical (integrated oil major and large refiner) and SK Innovation (oil refinery) have detracted from performance. Neither reported the most inspiring Q1 results and oil has been fairly volatile. But it's more likely that an ugly outlook for first half refining margins due to a global gasoline glut has been the biggest drag on stocks. The outlook for later in the year, however, is much brighter due to International Maritime Organisation (IMO) 2020 regulations that will require ships to run on higher grade refined oil – a positive for margins.

**Chart 1: Performance has surprised** 



Source: Fidelity International, 2019.

## What changes have been made?

There haven't been many changes to the portfolio but last week did see us initiate our first new position for over six months, bringing the number of stocks up to 24. Unfortunately, I can't disclose the name as it's still being traded, but I can tell you it's another A-share we've had on the watchlist for some time, which took a 26% dive from its 2019 peak amid all of the trade talk – despite a huge and growing domestic market for its product.

We've also added to our existing holding in Zhejiang Sanhua. I've made some comments on this below but basically, this is a great company. They manufacture temperature valves that go into refrigerators and air conditioning units. Admittedly a fairly boring product, but they now have such scale and multiple patents that it is hard for anyone to enter the market or even contemplate spending the money to try.

Zhejiang may additionally see increased demand from the take-up of electric vehicles. Standard combustion engine cars use the engine to help power the car's air conditioner, but electrical vehicles don't have an engine, meaning a new cooling system is needed that requires multiple specialist temperature valves. Currently Zhejiang is the sole provider of temperature valves for electric vehicle manufacturers such as Tesla.

### As always, my focus is on stocks

Below are the top ten active positions for the Fidelity Asia Fund as at 30 April 2019, versus the benchmark.\*

- Kweichow Moutai, 9.6% vs 0.1%: Its highly regarded product continues to have robust demand. The strong brand helps the company maintain its pricing power, making it a structural growth opportunity in the Chinese consumption space. Valuation remains supportive.
- HDFC Bank, 9.1% vs 0.0%: This well-managed bank
  has strong exposure to consumer lending. It has a
  consistently high return on equity, a strong balance sheet
  and the best asset quality among Indian banks.
- AIA Group, 9.8% vs 2.6%: This regional insurance provider benefits from a resilient business model and unique competitive position in Asia. Further liberalisation of the Chinese financial sector should prove beneficial.

- 4. China Petroleum & Chemical Corporation, 6.7% vs 0.4%: The company is held given its strong cash flow generation, supportive valuation and positive oil price outlook. It also offers encouraging prospects for unlocking value from its marketing business and through capital management.
- BOC Aviation, 5.1% vs 0.0%: This aircraft leasing manufacturer is favoured as it is a defensive play given the resilient nature of its business, high-quality aircraft assets, diversified global operations and healthy dividend yields.
- 6. Sun Hung Kai Properties, 5.5% vs 0.6%: The Hong Kong-based property developer benefits from a supply-constrained Grade-A office market in Hong Kong, with a likely improvement in retail rents. It enjoys strong execution capabilities, farmland conversion potential, high-quality property assets and healthy earnings visibility. The stock trades at a wider-than-historical-average discount to NAV due to concerns about rising interest rates, but its strong balance sheet means it can adopt capital management initiatives which are likely to be value-accretive to shareholders.
- 7. Han's Laser Technology, 4.6% vs 0.0%: The company is favoured for its impressive fundamentals and long-term growth prospects driven by increasing self-production of key components and product upgrades. Its strategy to reduce reliance on revenue from Apple is likely to bolster future earnings visibility.
- 8. **Midea, 3.9% vs 0.0%:** The electrical appliance maker is well-positioned to benefit from market share gains in China and further penetration into the robotics and personal small appliance sectors.
- Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co, 8.2% vs 4.3%: This global foundry leader is held for its superior technology, strong position in a favourable industry structure, solid earnings visibility, good cash flow and sustainable yields.
- 10. Zhejiang Sanhua, 3.8% vs 0.0%: The company is a manufacturer of refrigeration parts and components. Its global presence and rapid growth potential in the alternative fuel vehicle (AFV) market position it well to mitigate headwinds from falling demand for air conditioners (ACs) in China. Zhejiang is the sole provider of temperature valves for electric vehicle manufacturers such as Tesla.

Table 1: Performance as at 30 April 2019

Annualised	1 mth (%)	3 mths (%)	6 mths (%)	1 yr (%)	3 yrs (% pa)	5 yrs (% pa)	10 yrs (% pa)	Since inception (% pa)
Fidelity Asia Fund	2.80	13.75	24.41	14.00	18.57	18.05	13.10	10.89
MSCI AC Asia ex-Japan Index NR	2.84	9.62	17.15	2.86	16.02	12.74	9.99	8.37
Active return	-0.14	4.13	7.26	11.14	2.55	5.31	3.11	2.52

Total net returns represent past performance only. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. Returns of the Fund can be volatile and in some periods may be negative. The return of capital is not guaranteed. Benchmark: MSCI AC Asia ex-Japan Index NR, effective 1 January 2010. Benchmark data prior to 1 January 2010 is a blend of the MSCI Asia ex-Japan index and the MSCI Far East (ex Japan) index. NR: NR at the end of the benchmark name indicates the return is calculated including reinvesting net dividends. The dividend is reinvested after deduction of withholding tax, applying the withholding tax rate to non-resident individuals who do not benefit from double taxation treaties.



#### www.fidelity.com.au

\*MSCI AC Asia ex-Japan Index NR.

All information is as at 15/05/2019 unless otherwise stated.

This document is issued by FIL Responsible Entity (Australia) Limited ABN 33 148 059 009, AFSL No. 409340 ('Fidelity Australia'). Fidelity Australia is a member of the FIL Limited group of companies commonly known as Fidelity International.

This document is intended for use by advisers and wholesale investors. Retail investors should not rely on any information in this document without first seeking advice from their financial adviser. This document has been prepared without taking into account your objectives, financial situation or needs. You should consider these matters before acting any decision about whether to acquire the product. The PDS can be obtained by contacting Fidelity Australia on 1800 119 270 or by downloading it from our website at www.fidelity.com.au. This document may include general commentary on market activity, sector trends or other broad-based economic or political conditions that should not be taken as investment advice. Information stated herein about specific securities is subject to change. Any reference to specific securities should not be taken as investment advice. Information contained in this document has been prepared with reasonable care, no responsibility or liability is accepted for any errors or omissions or misstatements however caused. This document is intended as general information only. The document may not be reproduced or transmitted without prior written permission of Fidelity Australia. The issuer of Fidelity's managed investment schemes is FIL Responsible Entity (Australia) Limited ABN 33 148 059 009.